LINE ITEM AND BOILERPLATE SUMMARY

CORRECTIONS

Fiscal Year 2020-21 Public Act 66 of 2020 House Bill 5396 as Enacted



Robin R. Risko, Associate Director

November 2020

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November 2020

TO: Members of the Michigan House of Representatives

The House Fiscal Agency has prepared a **Line Item Summary** for each of the FY 2020-21 appropriation acts. Each **Summary** contains line-by-line appropriation and revenue source detail, and a brief explanation of each boilerplate section in the appropriation bill.

In this report, line item vetoes are presented in the following manner: appropriation amounts shown in strikeout are those that appear in the enrolled bill; amounts shown directly below strikeout amounts reflect the effect of the veto.

Line Item Summaries are available on the HFA website (www.house.mi.gov/hfa), or from Kathryn Bateson, Administrative Assistant (373-8080 or kbateson@house.mi.gov).

Mary Ann Cleary, Director

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GLOSSARY

STATE BUDGET TERMS

Line Item

Specific funding amount in an appropriation bill which establishes spending authorization for a particular program or function.

Boilerplate

Specific language sections in an appropriation bill which direct, limit, or restrict line-item expenditures, express legislative intent, and/or require reports.

Lapse

Appropriated amounts that are unspent or unobligated at the end of a fiscal year; appropriations are automatically terminated at the end of a fiscal year unless otherwise provided by law.

Work Project

Account authorized through statutory process which allows appropriated spending authorization from one fiscal year to be utilized for expenditures in a succeeding fiscal year or years for a specific project or purpose.

APPROPRIATIONS AND FUND SOURCES

Appropriations

Authority to expend funds for a particular purpose. An appropriation is not a mandate to spend.

Gross: Total of all applicable appropriations in an appropriation bill.

Adjusted Gross: Net amount of gross appropriations after subtracting interdepartmental grants (IDGs) and intradepartmental transfers (IDTs).

Interdepartmental Grant (IDG) Revenue

Funds received by one state department from another state department—usually for service(s) provided.

Intradepartmental Transfer (IDT) Revenue

Funds transferred from one appropriation unit to another within the same departmental budget.

Federal Revenue

Federal grant or match revenue; generally dedicated to specific programs or purposes.

Local Revenue

Revenue received from local units of government for state services.

Private Revenue

Revenue from non-government entities: rents, royalties or interest payments, payments from hospitals or individuals, or gifts and bequests.

State Restricted Revenue

State revenue restricted by the State Constitution, state statute, or outside restriction that is available only for specified purposes; includes most fee revenue; at yearend, unused restricted revenue generally remains in the restricted fund.

General Fund/General Purpose (GF/GP) Revenue

Unrestricted general fund revenue available to fund basic state programs and other purposes determined by the Legislature; unused GF/GP revenue lapses to the General Fund at the end of a fiscal year.

MAJOR STATE FUNDS

General Fund

The state's primary operating fund; receives state revenue not dedicated to another state fund.

School Aid Fund (SAF)

A restricted fund that serves as the primary state funding source for K-12 schools and Intermediate School Districts. Constitutionally, SAF revenue may also be used for postsecondary education.

Budget Stabilization Fund

The Countercyclical Economic and Budget Stabilization Fund (also known as the "rainy day fund"); the Management and Budget Act provides guidelines for making deposits into and withdrawals from the fund.

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS

The Michigan Department of Corrections (MDOC) operates under the Corrections Code of 1953, 1953 PA 232. The department's mission is to create a safer Michigan by holding offenders accountable while promoting their success. The basic elements of the state's correctional system are probation, prison, and parole. As of November 1, 2020, MDOC was responsible for 82,797 offenders: 35,394 probationers, 34,154 prisoners, and 13,249 parolees. From 1 year ago, the total number of offenders dropped by 10,710, or by 11.5%. The number of prisoners dropped by 3,931, or 10.3%, the number of probationers dropped by 6,798, or 16.1%, and the number of parolees increased by 19, or 0.1%.

In addition to costs of operating and maintaining the state's correctional facilities, which include providing physical and mental health care, food service, transportation, and programming for prisoners, the Corrections budget supports: supervision and community programs for parolees and probationers; prisoner reintegration programs, including education and job training for prisoners while they are incarcerated; community programs to provide alternatives to incarceration; and general administrative and support functions, including custody staff training, policy, finance and accounting, and legal affairs.

Full-time equated unclassified positions	16.0	Full-time equated (FTE) positions not in the state classified service.
Full-time equated classified positions	13,686.8	Full-time equated (FTE) positions in the state classified service. Note: based on 2,088 hours for 1.0 FTE position.
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$2,060,788,400	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.
Total interdepartmental grant/intradepartmental transfer revenue	0	Revenue received from other departments or transferred within the department.
ADJUSTED GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$2,060,788,400	Gross appropriation less (or minus) interdepartmental grant (IDG) or intradepartmental transfer (IDT) revenue.
Total federal revenue	196,370,900	Revenue received from federal departments and agencies.
Total local revenue	9,680,600	Revenue received from local units of government.
Total private revenue	0	Revenue received from private individuals and entities.
Total state restricted revenue	45,478,500	State revenue dedicated to a specific fund (other than the General Fund) or restricted for a specific purpose.
STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$1,809,258,400	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.

SECTION 102: DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SUPPORT

This appropriation unit provides funding for unclassified positions, director's office staff, specialized executive office units, and various central office administrative and support functions, including budget and accounting, human resources, internal audit, and legal affairs. This unit houses specialized programs, which are overseen by the Budget and Operations Administration, such as new custody officer training, employee wellness programming, prison industries, and the County Jail Reimbursement Program.

Full-time equated unclassified positions	16.0	Full-time equated (FTE) positions not in the state classified service.	
Full-time equated classified positions	329.0	Full-time equated (FTE) positions in the state classified service.	
Unclassified salaries – 16.0 FTE positions	\$1,971,300	director; deputy directors of Field Operations Administration and Correctional Facilities Administration; and 10-member parole board. Parole board is sole paroling authority for felony offenders committed	
		to jurisdiction of MDOC. Parole board acts in an advisory capacity to the governor for all executive clemency matters.	
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 1,971,300	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202	
Administrative hearings officers	3,200,300	Payments to Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity to support Michigan Administrative Hearing System staff who review and rule on prisoner grievances and misconduct cases.	
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 3,200,300	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202	

Budget and operations administration – 241.0 FTE positions

34,669,500

Central office support functions and internal organizational support. <u>Budget and Projections Division</u>: Responsible for budget development. <u>Accounting Division</u>: Responsible for financial management and compliance with policy and accounting principles.

<u>Procurement, Monitoring, and Compliance Division</u>: Responsible for contract management and monitoring contract operations to ensure compliance with policy and law.

<u>Physical Plant Division</u>: Develops new construction and maintenance projects in compliance with federal, state, and local standards and codes; handles environmental health issues, fire safety inspections, and county jail inspections and audits.

Office of Legal Affairs: Responsible for risk assessment of MDOC policies, procedures, and processes; evaluation of internal controls; coordination of all Freedom of Information Act requests; responsible for foreign nationals, legal matters, and coordination with Attorney General regarding litigation that affects MDOC; houses the Freedom of Information Act, Grievance, Litigation, Policy, and Rehearing Sections. Personnel Services: Responsible for all human resource services, personnel issues, services related to equal employment opportunity and allegations of discrimination; assists management in recruitment, selection, and promotion of qualified employees; Labor Relations Section represents MDOC in collective bargaining and is responsible for responding to staff grievances and unfair labor practice charges.

<u>Training Division</u>: Responsible for developing and providing new employee training and in-service training for status employees; establishes standards for training; Recruitment Section responsible for screening, selection, and hiring of all new corrections officers.

Office of Research and Planning: Responsible for research and statistical analyses, legislative impact studies, program evaluation, and prisoner population projections; Automated Data Systems Unit responsible for maintaining MDOC data systems.

<u>Michigan State Industries</u>: Responsible for overall control, management, and supervision of prison industry programs.

Funding Source(s): Federal 674,700 Restricted 721.600

stricted 721,600 GF/GP 33,273,200

Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 211, 212, 213, 215, 216, 220, 221, 222, 239, 247, 301, 302, 303, 304, 307, 308, 309, 310, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 401, 402, 407, 408, 418, 419, 602, 611, 612, 615, 904, 929, 940, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946

Compensatory buyout and union leave bank

O Placeholder in budget recognizing union contract provisions that authorize corrections officers to be paid for compensatory time and to use an administrative leave bank for union business.

Funding Source(s): GF/GP 100

Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202

County jail reimbursement program

14,814,600

Payments to counties for housing eligible felons, who otherwise may have been sentenced to prison, in local jails. By statute, reimbursement criteria and rates for program are set by annual budget boilerplate. Reimbursement rates range from \$40 per day to \$65 per day depending on sentencing guidelines scoring of eligible felons' offenses.

Funding Source(s): Restricted 5,900,000

GF/GP 8,914,600

Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 414

Employee wellness programming – 6.0 FTE positions	1,190,600	Provides professional and confidential wellness services to all MDOC employees, eligible family members, and retirees. Services include crisis response, traumatic incident response, counseling, consultation, referral services, wellness training and support, educational opportunities, and chaplaincy services.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 1,190,600
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 312
Equipment and special maintenance	1,559,700	Major prison equipment purchases and special maintenance and repair projects not requiring capital outlay funding. Restricted revenue component of appropriation comes from Program and Special Equipment Fund, revenue generated from prisoner telephone charges.
		Funding Source(s): Restricted 100 GF/GP 1,559,600
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 219
Executive direction – 21.0 FTE positions	4,575,800	costs for unclassified positions, and staffing within other specialized units, including Office of Executive Affairs, Offender Success Administration, and the following: Office of Public Information and Communications: Coordinates information and contact with news media and general public. Legislative Affairs Section: Coordinates communication with legislature and other entities on legislative issues.
		Internal Affairs: Investigates allegations of felonious conduct or other improprieties by MDOC staff. Effective Process Improvement and Communications (EPIC): Evaluates and monitors process improvement and communication in work areas throughout department; efforts enable department to identify improvements resulting in higher quality work product and better outcomes.
		improprieties by MDOC staff. Effective Process Improvement and Communications (EPIC): Evaluates and monitors process improvement and communication in work areas throughout department; efforts enable department to identify improvements resulting in higher quality work product and
		improprieties by MDOC staff. Effective Process Improvement and Communications (EPIC): Evaluates and monitors process improvement and communication in work areas throughout department; efforts enable department to identify improvements resulting in higher quality work product and better outcomes.
Judicial data warehouse user fees	50,600	improprieties by MDOC staff. Effective Process Improvement and Communications (EPIC): Evaluates and monitors process improvement and communication in work areas throughout department; efforts enable department to identify improvements resulting in higher quality work product and better outcomes. Funding Source(s): GF/GP 4,575,800 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 239, 302, 303, 304, 318
	50,600	improprieties by MDOC staff. Effective Process Improvement and Communications (EPIC): Evaluates and monitors process improvement and communication in work areas throughout department; efforts enable department to identify improvements resulting in higher quality work product and better outcomes. Funding Source(s): GF/GP 4,575,800 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 239, 302, 303, 304, 318 Funds interdepartmental grant to Judiciary for MDOC users of judicial
	50,600	improprieties by MDOC staff. Effective Process Improvement and Communications (EPIC): Evaluates and monitors process improvement and communication in work areas throughout department; efforts enable department to identify improvements resulting in higher quality work product and better outcomes. Funding Source(s): GF/GP 4,575,800 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 239, 302, 303, 304, 318 Funds interdepartmental grant to Judiciary for MDOC users of judicial data warehouse system.
Judicial data warehouse user fees New custody staff training	50,600	improprieties by MDOC staff. Effective Process Improvement and Communications (EPIC): Evaluates and monitors process improvement and communication in work areas throughout department; efforts enable department to identify improvements resulting in higher quality work product and better outcomes. Funding Source(s): GF/GP 4,575,800 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 239, 302, 303, 304, 318 Funds interdepartmental grant to Judiciary for MDOC users of judicial data warehouse system. Funding Source(s): GF/GP 50,600
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New custody staff training Prison industries operations – 61.0 FTE	13,850,100	improprieties by MDOC staff. Effective Process Improvement and Communications (EPIC): Evaluates and monitors process improvement and communication in work areas throughout department; efforts enable department to identify improvements resulting in higher quality work product and better outcomes. Funding Source(s): GF/GP 4,575,800 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 239, 302, 303, 304, 318 Funds interdepartmental grant to Judiciary for MDOC users of judicial data warehouse system. Funding Source(s): GF/GP 50,600 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202 Training costs for new corrections officers, including special training for officers staffing mental health, youth, or women's units. Supports costs of salary and fringe benefits for new officers during training period, as well as travel reimbursement, meals, lodging, books, supplies, certifications, and training facility costs. Funding Source(s): GF/GP 13,850,100 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 308, 313, 316, 317 Personnel costs for Michigan State Industries, the state's prison industries program, which aims to provide prisoners with meaningful employment by teaching marketable skills. Correctional Industries Act,

		Maintenance line item.	
Program and special equipment fund	100	Revenue generated through an additional charge on prisoner telephone calls under prison telephone contract. Supports Equipment and Special Maintenance line item.	
Local corrections officer training fund	100,000	Revenue from jail admissions fees; supports jail staff training and development of training standards through Sheriffs' Coordinating and Training Office.	
Jail reimbursement program fund	5,900,000	Revenues from justice system assessments statutorily dedicated to County Jail Reimbursement Program. Revenue generated from a statutorily set percentage of Justice System Fund, which receives revenue from state assessments on civil infractions, misdemeanors, and felonies.	
Correctional industries revolving fund 110	721,600	Revenue from sale of Michigan State Industries products and services. Used for costs of support functions, such as central office accounting services, funded from Budget and Operations Administration line item.	
Correctional industries revolving fund	10,137,300	Revenue from sale of Michigan State Industries products and services. Used for costs associated with Prison Industries Operations line item.	
DOJ, prison rape elimination act grant	674,700	Funding from federal Department of Justice, under federal Prison Rape Elimination Act, used for staff training and database upgrades. Supports Budget and Operations Administration line item.	
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$103,090,400	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.	
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 9,714,400 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202	
Worker's compensation	9,714,400	Payment of worker's compensation claims for MDOC employees and related legal and administrative costs. Funding Source(s): GF/GP 9.714.400	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 306	
		Funding Source(s): Restricted 100,000	
Sheriffs' coordinating and training office	100,000	Supports Michigan Sheriffs' Coordinating and Training Council with statutorily earmarked revenue from jail admission fees. Council is responsible for developing training standards and programs for local corrections officers.	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 305	
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 4,801,000	
Prosecutorial and detainer expenses	4,801,000	Reimbursement to counties for costs of holding parole violators and community placement prisoners, who violated placement conditions, in county jails while awaiting case disposition; reimbursement to counties for prosecuting attorney, public defense, and other court costs of prosecuting prisoners who commit crimes while in prison or on escapes from custody; supports other legal costs related to court settlements involving MDOC.	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202	
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 2,455,100	
Troporty management	2,433,100	related utility and building security contract costs.	
Property management	2,455,100	Central office rent costs for Grandview Plaza building in Lansing and	

SECTION 103: OFFENDER SUCCESS ADMINISTRATION

This appropriation unit provides funding for programs aimed at enhancing the success of prisoners who are reentering society following incarceration. The vision of the Offender Success Model is that every offender released from prison will have the tools needed to succeed in the community and the opportunity to utilize those tools to be productive, self-sufficient citizens. Offender success programs include all education and other prerelease programming provided to prisoners while they are incarcerated, as well as community-based prisoner reintegration programs, reentry centers, specialized programs for prisoners with mental illness, substance use disorder, and other special needs, and community-based contracts for residential services and sex offender treatment programs. Funding is included for various grant programs administered through the Office of Community Corrections, as well as for technical assistance provided to local community corrections advisory boards.

Full-time equated classified positions	340.4	Full-time equated (FTE) positions in the state classified service.
Community corrections comprehensive plans and services	\$13,198,100	Grants to 35 local Community Corrections Advisory Boards covering 43 counties for development and implementation of local comprehensive corrections plans under the Community Corrections Act, 1988 PA 511. Funds a variety of services, including case management, cognitive behavioral programs, community service, day reporting and electronic monitoring, education, and mental health/substance use disorder services. Also funds the Drunk Driver Jail Reduction and Community Treatment program, which makes payments to counties for assessment and treatment of drunk drivers along with reimbursement for up to five days of housing offenders in local jail during assessment period; aimed at reducing drunk driving and freeing jail beds to use for sentenced felons who otherwise likely would have been sentenced to prison.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 13,198,100
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 410, 411, 412, 416, 417
Education/skilled trades/ career readiness programs – 263.4 FTE positions	38,687,000	Supports staffing, administration, and support costs of academic and vocational programs at prisons. Includes high school equivalency preparation and adult basic education for prisoners who do not possess a high school diploma or the equivalent, as well as career and technical education in 45 vocational trade programs that lead to state and/or national certification in roughly 16 different trade disciplines. Responsible for securing vital documents for offenders.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 1,579,900 Restricted 14,325,900 GF/GP 22,781,200
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 219, 409, 418, 901, 907, 908
Enhanced food technology program – 12.0 FTE positions	1,750,000	Funding to support enhanced food technology program, which allows prisoners to complete on-the-job training hours through their work in prison kitchens after completing the Food Technology vocational trade.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 1,750,000
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 901

Goodwill Flip the Script	1,250,000	Funding for Flip the Script program administered by Goodwill Industries of Greater Detroit. Program provides education, job training, and mentoring to troubled 16-39-year-olds who have entered into the criminal justice system for a first or second time, in an effort to keep them out of prison.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 1,250,000
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 437
Offender success community partners	14,500,000	Finances payments to regional offender success service providers responsible for assisting prisoners in transitioning back into local communities after release from incarceration. Funding covers administrative costs and delivery of services in the following service categories: Residential stability: Transitional housing and rental subsidies. Employment readiness: Employment training, job readiness, wage subsidies, high school equivalency/adult education programs, school supplies/books. Social support: Transportation, family support services, obtaining state identification and public assistance benefits, victim services, law enforcement efforts. Health and behavioral health: Substance use disorder and mental health services, medical care, domestic violence services, cognitive behavioral programming.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 14,500,000
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 403, 404, 423, 425, 426, 604
Offender success federal grants	751,000	Authorizes expenditure of federal grant funding, if it becomes available, to support offender success programs.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 751,000
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202
Offender success programming	16,772,800	Supports MDOC offender success efforts within prison facilities, including risk and needs assessments of prisoners, provision of programming to reduce offender risk and address identified needs, and preparation of prisoner-specific reentry plans. Funding supports contracts to facilitate a reentry project for offenders with special needs (e.g., medically fragile, mental health issues, youthful offenders), and community-based programs for sex offender treatment and residential services.
		Funding Source(s): Restricted 100 GF/GP 16,772,700
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 219, 403, 404, 423, 425, 426, 604

STATE GENERAL FUND/	\$108,405,600	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.
Program and special equipment fund	14,326,000	Revenue generated through an additional charge on prisoner telephone calls under the prison telephone contract. Supports Offender Success Programming line item (\$1,200,100) and Education/Skilled Trades/Career Readiness Programs line item (\$13,125,900).
Federal education funding	1,579,900	Federal funds made available from the U.S. DOE for vocational education, supplementary education services for youths in adult correctional institutions, adult education and literacy services programs, and special education-related services to youth with disabilities.
DOJ, prisoner reintegration	751,000	Federal grant revenue supporting Offender Success Federal Grants line item.
Coronavirus relief fund	302,500	Federal revenue made available to support payroll costs for frontline essential workers. Supports Offender Success Services line item.
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$125,365,000	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 410, 411, 412, 604, 617
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 16,575,500
Residential probation diversions	16,575,500	Grants for community residential and support services for eligible felony offenders who meet state and local eligibility guidelines. Offenders include felony probationers (e.g., straddle-cell offenders, felony drunk drivers), as well as parole and probation violators who might otherwise be committed or returned to state prison. Local community corrections programs may access these services, which are managed by MDOC. Service providers receive per diem rates of up to \$55.50.
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 413
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 4,000,000
Public safety initiative	4,000,000	Finances a component of the Public Safety Initiative that targets state support for high risk communities. Intended to support payments to distressed communities in high-crime areas to allow for the purchase of jail space in neighboring counties to address backlogs of active arrest warrants. Funding used to support costs for jail beds to house Genesee County offenders in various counties, Flint City Lock-Up, and tether, housing, and transportation costs for Genesee County offenders.
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217, 402, 403, 404, 405, 409, 410, 411, 412, 418, 423, 425, 426, 604, 611, 612, 613
		Funding Source(s): Federal 302,500 GF/GP 17,578,100
Offender success services – 65.0 FTE positions	17,880,600	Supports reentry services positions within MDOC, such as Institutional Parole Officers and reentry coordinators. Supports Community Corrections Section, which assists local units with community corrections plans, administers various community corrections grant programs, and coordinates community-based offender success services through its Offender Reentry Unit. Offenders participate in specific programming aimed at reducing behaviors that might result in failure while on parole. Supports substance use disorder treatment services for Medicaid-eligible parolees and probationers, which are provided through PIHP's. Supports drug testing costs for monitoring parolees and probationers.

SECTION 104: FIELD OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION

This appropriation unit provides funding to support the supervision and management of parolees and probationers. This unit includes funding for parole and probation agents, parole board support staff and operations, the electronic tether program, and the community portion of the Special Alterative Incarceration (SAI) program. Parole and probation offices are located in 10 regions throughout the state. Field Operations staff provide investigative support, information, and sentencing recommendations to the courts in criminal cases. Of the total 82,797 offenders under the jurisdiction of the MDOC on November 1, 2020, 48,643, or roughly 59%, were under the supervision of field operations.

Full-time equated classified positions	1,874.5	Full-time equated (FTE) positions in the state classified service.
Criminal justice reinvestment	\$3,748,400	Funding for evidence-based programs targeted at reducing recidivism and incarceration rates among probationers and parolees. Of the total appropriation, \$250,000 is earmarked to be used by the department to select a vendor to provide evidence-based mentoring, employment soft skills training, and job placement assistance for offenders released from prison.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 3,748,400
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 425, 426, 604, 605, 617
Field operations – 1,843.5 FTE positions	222,516,700	Field Operations Administration manages parole and probation agents and related costs of supervising parolees and probationers, including rent costs for field offices, field operations administration and clerical costs, and intensive supervision of recent boot camp graduates. Restricted revenue represents statutorily required parole and probation supervision fees and fees from tether participants. Statewide activity is split between two regions and one additional program unit. Metropolitan Territory: Administrative office in Detroit, territory serves Livingston, Jackson, Hillsdale, Lenawee, Monroe, Washtenaw, Oakland, Macomb, and Wayne Counties and oversees five region offices; region offices support 22 parole and/or probation offices. Outstate Territory: Headquartered in Lansing, territory serves field operations in the other 74 counties and oversees five region offices; region offices support 83 parole and/or probation offices spread across the state. Funding supports the following: Office of Parole and Probation Services: Oversight of residential reentry programs and centers and electronic monitoring of offenders. Electronic monitoring of parole/probation offenders for whom electronic tether monitoring is required. Includes sex offenders for whom lifetime electronic monitoring is required at discharge. Offenders are monitored for compliance with terms of probation, parole, or community placement. Partially supported by fees paid by local units of government for rental of MDOC tether units. Intensive Detention Reentry Program (IDRP): Short-term jail beds under contract with Ingham County jail for use in chronic noncompliance parole cases. Violations could include technical violations (e.g., failure to report or attend treatment) or new misdemeanor or nonassaultive felony charges that meet program criteria. Offenders may participate in program for up to 45 days. Costs include contracted beds along with health care costs and personnel costs for participating MDOC field agents.

STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$224,675,100	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.
Supervision fees set-aside	940,000	Statute requires 20% of oversight fee collections to be set aside for enhanced services. Fully funds Parole/Probation Services line item.
Supervision fees	6,630,500	Statutorily required fees collected from parolees and probationers, as well as fees collected from offenders on electronic tether. Supports Field Operations line item.
Reentry center offender reimbursements	10,000	Reimbursements from reentry center residents. Supports Field Operations line item.
Local - community tether program reimbursement	275,000	Fees from local units of government for rental of tether equipment Supports Electronic Monitoring Center included in Field Operations line item.
Coronavirus relief fund	62,400	Federal revenue made available to support payroll costs for frontline essential workers. Supports Field Operations line item.
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$232,593,000	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 617
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 1,500,000
Residential alternative to prison program	1,500,000	Funding to provide vocational, educational, and cognitive programming to West Michigan probation violator population in an effort to increase employment readiness and successful placement rates and to reduce new criminal behavior.
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202
		Funding Source(s): Restricted 940,000
Parole/probation services	940,000	Services funded through statutory set-aside [MCL 791.225a and MCL 791.236a(5)] of parole and probation supervision fees; statute requires funds to be used to cover collection costs of supervision fees, as wel as enhanced services, such as counseling, employment support, public transportation assistance for parolees, and specialized training and equipment for staff to enhance performance.
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 422, 615
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 3,887,900
Parole board operations – 31.0 FTE positions	3,887,900	Funds staff within Office of the Parole Board who assist the board with case preparation, parole release and revocation processes, crime victim services, and interstate compact issues.
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217, 239, 422, 423, 425, 426, 602, 603, 604, 611, 612, 613, 617
(conunaea)		Funding Source(s): Federal 62,400 Local 275,000 Restricted 6,640,500 GF/GP 215,538,800
Field operations – 1,843.5 FTE positions (continued)		<u>Absconder Recovery Unit</u> : Investigates, locates, and arrests prisone escapees and parole and probation violators.

SECTION 105: CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES ADMINISTRATION

This appropriation unit provides funding for various functions associated with the operations of state prisons administered through the department's Correctional Facilities Administration. The Operations Division is responsible for providing programming support to all correctional facility institutions. Included in the division are the Central Records, Classification, Emergency Management, and Transportation Sections, the Performance Audit Specialist, and the Special Activities Coordinator. This unit funds costs of prison food service, offender transportation, central records, prisoner store operations, and public works programs. Prisoner store operations and public works programs are financed with state restricted revenues.

Full-time equated classified positions	670.0	Full-time equated (FTE) positions in the state classified service.
Central records – 43.0 FTE positions	\$4,821,000	Costs for staff who coordinate and manage prisoner time computations and maintain central office prisoner files and records.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 4,821,000
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 301
Correctional facilities administration – 37.0 FTE positions	6,624,300	Correctional Facilities Administration (CFA) supports central office and regional administration for prisons, including contractual extradition services; oversees food service, transportation, central records, prisoner classification and placement, special activities (e.g., religious services, library, recreation), Bureau of Health Care Services (which is funded out of a separate unit), and emergency management. The bulk of direct spending for specific programs listed above is charged to the specific program line items.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 272,000 GF/GP 6,352,300
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 239, 301, 308, 309, 312, 314, 315, 418, 419, 422, 423, 425, 426, 611, 612, 613, 615, 901, 902, 903, 904, 907, 908, 910, 911, 912, 913, 920, 924, 925, 929, 930, 943, 944, 1009, 1011, 1013
Housing inmates in federal institutions	511,000	Costs of housing certain prisoners under jurisdiction of MDOC in federal institutions; used for prisoners whose presence in an MDOC institution would jeopardize their safety or the safety of others. Costs partially offset by revenue from federal Bureau of Prisons for housing federal inmates in Michigan institutions.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 411,000 GF/GP 100,000
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202
Inmate housing fund	100	Placeholder line item. Authorization to receive funding for prison operation costs not directly budgeted in individual prison facility line items; authorization provides MDOC with flexibility to adjust for changes in prison population and bed space needs.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 100
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202

Inmate legal services	290,900	Supports a contract that provides court-mandated legal writing training and assistance to prisoners at various correctional facilities. Contractor trains prisoners in legal writing, and trained prisoners provide assistance to other eligible prisoners with completing court forms and pleadings.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 290,900
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202
Leased beds and alternatives to leased beds	100	Placeholder line item. Authorization for potential program MDOC would administer in conjunction with county jails that agree to house certain state prisoners.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 100
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202
Prison food service – 346.0 FTE positions	72,211,100	Costs associated with prison food service workers. Food commodities costs to provide meals for prisoners, corrections officers, and certain prisoner care and control staff.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 72,211,100
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 901, 903
Prison store operations – 3,411,300 33.0 FTE positions		Funding for prison storekeeper and storekeeper supervisor positions associated with operation of prisoner stores. Funded by storegenerated revenues.
		Funding Source(s): Restricted 3,411,300
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202
Public works programs	1,000,000	Authorizes receipt of funding from local units of government or non-profit organizations for public works projects performed by prisoners.
Public works programs	1,000,000	Authorizes receipt of funding from local units of government or non- profit organizations for public works projects performed by prisoners. Boilerplate requires projects to be fully funded through user fees paid
Public works programs	1,000,000	Authorizes receipt of funding from local units of government or non-profit organizations for public works projects performed by prisoners. Boilerplate requires projects to be fully funded through user fees paid by local governments or non-profit beneficiaries of the services.
Public works programs Transportation – 211.0 FTE positions	1,000,000	Authorizes receipt of funding from local units of government or non-profit organizations for public works projects performed by prisoners. Boilerplate requires projects to be fully funded through user fees paid by local governments or non-profit beneficiaries of the services. Funding Source(s): Restricted 1,000,000 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 906 Personnel costs of corrections transportation officers and supervisors.
		Authorizes receipt of funding from local units of government or non-profit organizations for public works projects performed by prisoners. Boilerplate requires projects to be fully funded through user fees paid by local governments or non-profit beneficiaries of the services. Funding Source(s): Restricted 1,000,000 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 906 Personnel costs of corrections transportation officers and supervisors, as well as vehicle lease costs related to prisoner transportation and
		Authorizes receipt of funding from local units of government or non-profit organizations for public works projects performed by prisoners. Boilerplate requires projects to be fully funded through user fees paid by local governments or non-profit beneficiaries of the services. Funding Source(s): Restricted 1,000,000 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 906 Personnel costs of corrections transportation officers and supervisors, as well as vehicle lease costs related to prisoner transportation and transportation of parole violators. Funding Source(s): Federal 5,130,200 Restricted 592,800
		Authorizes receipt of funding from local units of government or non-profit organizations for public works projects performed by prisoners. Boilerplate requires projects to be fully funded through user fees paid by local governments or non-profit beneficiaries of the services. Funding Source(s): Restricted 1,000,000 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 906 Personnel costs of corrections transportation officers and supervisors, as well as vehicle lease costs related to prisoner transportation and transportation of parole violators. Funding Source(s): Federal 5,130,200 Restricted 592,800 GF/GP 25,270,600
Transportation – 211.0 FTE positions	30,993,600	Authorizes receipt of funding from local units of government or non-profit organizations for public works projects performed by prisoners. Boilerplate requires projects to be fully funded through user fees paid by local governments or non-profit beneficiaries of the services. Funding Source(s): Restricted 1,000,000 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 906 Personnel costs of corrections transportation officers and supervisors, as well as vehicle lease costs related to prisoner transportation and transportation of parole violators. Funding Source(s): Federal 5,130,200 Restricted 592,800 GF/GP 25,270,600 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217 Total of all applicable line item appropriations.
Transportation – 211.0 FTE positions GROSS APPROPRIATION	30,993,600 \$119,863,400	Authorizes receipt of funding from local units of government or non-profit organizations for public works projects performed by prisoners. Boilerplate requires projects to be fully funded through user fees paid by local governments or non-profit beneficiaries of the services. Funding Source(s): Restricted 1,000,000 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 906 Personnel costs of corrections transportation officers and supervisors, as well as vehicle lease costs related to prisoner transportation and transportation of parole violators. Funding Source(s): Federal 5,130,200 Restricted 592,800 GF/GP 25,270,600 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217 Total of all applicable line item appropriations.
Transportation – 211.0 FTE positions GROSS APPROPRIATION Coronavirus relief fund DOJ-BOP, federal prisoner	30,993,600 \$119,863,400 5,130,200	Authorizes receipt of funding from local units of government or non-profit organizations for public works projects performed by prisoners. Boilerplate requires projects to be fully funded through user fees paid by local governments or non-profit beneficiaries of the services. Funding Source(s): Restricted 1,000,000 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 906 Personnel costs of corrections transportation officers and supervisors, as well as vehicle lease costs related to prisoner transportation and transportation of parole violators. Funding Source(s): Federal 5,130,200 Restricted 592,800 GF/GP 25,270,600 Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217 Total of all applicable line item appropriations. Federal revenue made available to support payroll costs for frontline essential workers. Supports Transportation line item. Reimbursement from federal Bureau of Prisons for housing federal

Public works user fees	1,000,000	Fee revenue from local units of government and non-profit organizations that benefit from prisoner public works projects.
Resident stores	3,411,300	Prison store revenues that support prison store staff.
STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$109,046,100	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.

SECTION 106: HEALTH CARE

This appropriation unit provides funding for administration – coordination, delivery, and monitoring – of physical and mental health care services to prisoners within the state's correctional system. Health care services are administered by the Bureau of Health Care Services (BHCS). The BHCS Administrator supervises the Chief Medical Officer, the Chief Psychiatric Officer, Mental Health Services, Regional Health Administrators, the Health Information Compliance Coordinator, the Corrections Mental Health Program Rights Specialist, and the Grievance and Complaints Section.

Full-time equated classified positions	1,469.3	Full-time equated (FTE) positions in the state classified service.
Clinical complexes – 1,033.3 FTE positions	\$149,096,900	Supports on-site prisoner health care services other than those funded through the health care services contract with Corizon, which is financed in Prisoner Health Care Services line item. Includes personnel costs of MDOC health care staff (e.g., nurses, psychologists, laboratory technicians), as well as pharmacy and medical supply costs.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 28,396,500 Restricted 257,200 GF/GP 120,443,200
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217, 239, 802, 803, 804, 812, 816
Health care administration – 17.0 FTE positions	3,477,600	Supports the Bureau of Health Care Services, responsible for coordination and monitoring of all health care services at state prisons. Includes bureau central staff and the following key positions: Health Care Administrator: Oversees health care operations and contracts. Chief Medical Officer: Oversees medical and clinical practices within the system and reports to health care administrator and director on medical policies. Assistant Chief Medical Officers: Report to Chief Medical Officer and oversee medical and clinical services in geographic regions. Assistant Health Services Administrators: Oversee program development and health care services in geographic regions. Funding Source(s): GF/GP 3,477,600
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 239, 802, 803, 804, 812, 816
Healthy Michigan plan administration – 12.0 FTE positions	998,900	Administrative costs of implementing Healthy Michigan Plan. MDOC pays DHHS via an IDG for staff who handle eligibility determination and enrollment and pays MDOC staff to handle discharge planning and oversight functions.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 397,300 GF/GP 601,600
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 812
Hepatitis C treatment	8,810,700	Funding for drug treatment for prisoners with all stages of Hepatitis C.
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 8,810,700
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 807

STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$281,098,600	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.
Prisoner health care copayments	257,200	Co-payments from prisoners to access non-emergency health care services. Supports Clinical Complexes line item.
Federal revenues and reimbursements	397,300	Title XIX of the Social Security Act, 1939 PA 280, Medicaid funding. Supports Healthy Michigan Plan Administration line item.
DOJ, Office of Justice Programs, RSAT	250,200	Grant from federal Department of Justice under Residential Substance Abuse Treatment for State Prisoners (RSAT) program. Supports Mental Health and Substance Abuse Treatment Services line item.
Coronavirus relief fund	28,396,500	Federal revenue made available to support payroll costs for frontline essential workers. Supports Clinical Complexes line item.
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$310,399,800	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 691,200
Vaccination program	691,200	Tuberculosis testing generally required of all prisoners and prison employees; Hepatitis B vaccinations offered to employees and prisoners.
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 802, 803, 804, 812, 816
Prisoner health care services	94,793,600	Funding for MDOC's contract with Corizon, provider of prisoner physical and mental health care and pharmaceutical services. Covers costs of off-site hospital and specialty care and provides for on-site services of physicians, physicians' assistants, and nurse practitioners. Funding Source(s): GF/GP 94,793,600
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 239, 405, 802, 803, 804, 812, 816
		Funding Source(s): Federal 250,200 GF/GP 52,160,500
Mental health and substance abuse treatment services – 407.0 FTE positions	52,410,700	Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 812 Supports operation of the corrections mental health program. Program provides a continuum of care for prisoners diagnosed as mentally ill, including outpatient mental health teams for prisoners housed in general population, special residential treatment programs at certain facilities, and inpatient psychiatric services. MDOC operates a Crisis Stabilization Program, providing emergency services for mentally ill prisoners who present threats to themselves or to others. Supports substance use disorder services for prisoners, including some residential services, which are supported by federal Residential Substance Abuse Treatment funds. Supports drug testing costs for monitoring prisoners, as well as some administrative and staffing costs for substance use disorder programming, including clinical social worker staff.
engionity specialists		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 120,200
Interdepartmental grant to health and human services, eligibility specialists	120,200	Grant to DHHS to support eligibility specialists housed within correctional facilities responsible for establishing and maintaining Medicaid eligibility for eligible prisoners for off-site medical services.

SECTION 107: CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES

This appropriation unit provides funding for operation of the state's 27 correctional facilities, as well as the Special Alternative Incarceration Program located at the Cooper Street Correctional Facility and the Detroit Detention Center. Each facility's line item funds costs of personnel, supplies, equipment, general maintenance, and utilities. Costs of educational programs, food service, transportation, and health care are funded elsewhere in the budget. Capacity figures in narratives below represent the total capacity as of November 1, 2020.

Full-time equated classified positions	9,003.6	Full-time equated (FTE) positions in the state classified service.
Alger Correctional Facility – Munising – 259.0 FTE positions	\$32,147,800	Opened 1990; capacity 896; Level II and Level IV housing units; general population and administrative segregation housing units; mental health treatment beds also available.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 4,282,900 GF/GP 27,864,900
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217
Baraga Correctional Facility – Baraga – 295.8 FTE positions	38,293,600	Opened 1993; capacity 868; Level I housing unit that supplies prisoner labor for facility maintenance and public works crews; Level V housing units, general population and administrative segregation.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 5,364,900 GF/GP 32,928,700
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217
Bellamy Creek Correctional Facility – Ionia – 392.2 FTE positions	47,064,600	Opened 2001; capacity 1,888; constructed as 1,500-bed Level IV facility; currently houses Level I, Level II, and Level IV prisoners with protective and administrative segregation units also on site.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 7,130,200 GF/GP 39,934,400
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217
Carson City Correctional Facility – Carson City – 421.4 FTE positions	51,524,800	Opened 1989; capacity 2,528; Level I, Level II, and Level IV housing units along with a temporary segregation unit; includes former Boyer Road Correctional Facility, consolidated with Carson City in 2009.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 7,526,600 GF/GP 43,998,200
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217
Central Michigan Correctional Facility – St. Louis – 386.6 FTE positions	48,832,400	Opened 2010 through consolidation of Mid-Michigan (opened 1990) and Pine River (opened 2000) correctional facilities; capacity 2,566; Secure Level I housing units made up of groups of 7- and 8-bed open bays.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 7,191,100 GF/GP 41,641,300
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217

Charles E. Egeler Correctional Facility – Jackson – 386.6 FTE positions	48,325,300	Opened 1988; capacity 1,486; first of facilities cr State Prison of Southern Michigan under <u>Hadis</u> subsequently remodeled into statewide reception prisoners and began operating as such in Decemb C-Unit and remainder of facility is reception (quarant 152-bed Duane Waters Health Care Center, fin under the Health Care appropriation unit.	consent decree; center for all male per 2001; Level I in ntine); contains the
		Funding Source(s): Fede GF/	, ,
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217, 924	, 929
Chippewa Correctional Facility – Kincheloe – 443.6 FTE positions	54,332,400	Opened 1989; capacity 2,366; Level I, Level II, an units, plus administrative segregation and detent former Straits Correctional Facility through consolid	ion units; includes
		Funding Source(s): Fede GF/	
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217	
Cooper Street Correctional Facility – Jackson – 254.6 FTE positions	31,163,600	Opened 1997 after conversion from former Michi capacity 1,602; Secure Level I prison; houses resabuse treatment program and serves as releas prisoners about to parole or discharge.	idential substance
		Funding Source(s): Fede GF/	, ,
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217	
Detroit Detention Center – 69.1 FTE positions	9,405,600	Opened 2013; funding for MDOC to operate one ce City of Detroit; houses up to 200 arrestees for a ma until they are arraigned in district court. Located former Mound Correctional Facility.	ximum of 72 hours
		Funding Source(s): Lo	cal 9,405,600
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217	
Detroit Reentry Center – 237.9 FTE positions	8,714,700	Opened in 2012 as a reentry center; capacity 963 parolees assigned to residential reentry programs parole and parole violators needing short-term se up to 84 prisoners participating in kidney dialysis to the Ryan Correctional Facility, which opened in purposed as reentry center. Center will be closing	s as a condition of cure beds; houses eatment. Formerly 1991, and was re-
		Funding Source(s): Fede GF/	, ,
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217	
Earnest C. Brooks Correctional Facility –	32,092,300	Opened 1989; capacity 1,296; Level I, Level II, an units, plus administrative segregation and detention	
Muskegon – 248.2 FTE positions		Funding Source(s): Fede GF/	, - ,
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217	

G. Robert Cotton Correctional Facility – Jackson – 395.0 FTE positions	47,914,500	Opened 1985; capacity 1,930; includes for facility; Level I, Level II, and Level IV house that transcribes textbooks into Braille in a but Lions Club and donated to MDOC.	ing units; hou	ses program
		Funding Source(s):	Federal GF/GP	6,661,400 41,253,100
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2	17, 910	
Gus Harrison Correctional Facility – Adrian – 443.6 FTE positions	53,099,400	Opened 1991; capacity 2,250; named affincludes former Parr Highway Correctiona 2009; Level I and Level II housing units and	al Facility, co	nsolidated in
		Funding Source(s):	Federal GF/GP	7,576,400 45,523,000
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2	17	
Ionia Correctional Facility – Ionia – 288.3 FTE positions	36,446,100	Opened 1987; capacity 706; Level II housing provide work crews for the facility, and Level administrative segregation units; includes with mental health needs.	l V general po	pulation and
		Funding Source(s):	Federal GF/GP	5,258,700 31,187,400
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2	17	
Kinross Correctional Facility – Kincheloe – 258.6 FTE positions	34,651,600	Originally opened 1977; capacity 1,602; Le units; developed at site of former air force by Hiawatha Correctional Facility in October 20	ase but reloca	
		Funding Source(s):	Federal GF/GP	4,684,700 29,966,900
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2	17	
Lakeland Correctional Facility – Coldwater – 275.4 positions	34,983,600	Opened 1985; capacity 1,466; facility Coldwater Regional Center for Developm dormitory- and pole barn-style housing units	ental Disabili	
		Funding Source(s):	Federal GF/GP	4,757,900 30,225,700
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2	17	
Macomb Correctional Facility – New Haven – 292.8 FTE positions	36,921,000	Opened 1993; capacity 1,422; Level I, Level units; residential mental health treatment prisoners with mental health issues.		
		Funding Source(s):	Federal GF/GP	5,162,900 31,758,100
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2	17	
Marquette Branch Prison – Marquette – 319.7 FTE positions	40,083,300	Opened 1889; capacity 1,056; extensively consent decree; Level I and Level V housing administrative segregation, START Unit, a includes temporary intake center for ma Peninsula awaiting transfer to reception cer	g units; genera and a mental lle prisoners	al population, I health unit; from Upper
		Funding Source(s):	Federal GF/GP	5,581,100 34,502,200
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2	17, 924, 929	

Ionia – 319.8 FTE positions	37,738,600	Opened in 1880, the state's oldest prison; December 2001 in conjunction with opening in 2007 in conjunction with closing Rivers Level II and Level IV housing units.	Bellamy Cr	eek; reopened
		Funding Source(s):	Federal GF/GP	5,007,200 32,731,400
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2	17	
Muskegon Correctional Facility – Muskegon – 207.0 FTE positions	27,793,300	Opened 1974; capacity 1,321; Level II ho October 2012 as part of MDOC's restructu Correctional Facility to reentry center and to space.	ring plan to	convert Ryan
		Funding Source(s):	Federal GF/GP	3,849,400 23,943,900
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2	17	
Newberry Correctional Facility – Newberry –	25,754,600	Opened 1996 on site of former state psy 1,180; Level I housing units.	chiatric hos	pital; capacity
198.1 FTE positions		Funding Source(s):	Federal GF/GP	3,631,400 22,123,200
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2	17	
Oaks Correctional Facility – Eastlake – 289.4 positions	36,985,500	Opened as Level V facility in 1992, but curre and Level IV housing units; capacity 1, protection, START Unit, and administrincluding detention.	,108; gener	al population,
		Funding Source(s):	Federal GF/GP	5,434,400 31,551,100
				- , ,
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2	17	
Parnall Correctional Facility – Jackson – 266.1 FTE positions	31,046,400	Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2 Opened 1926; capacity 1,679; Level I house parts of South Complex of former State Pris Second Vocational Village opened at this lo	sing units; d	eveloped from
– Jackson – 266.1 FTE	31,046,400	Opened 1926; capacity 1,679; Level I house parts of South Complex of former State Prise	sing units; d	eveloped from
– Jackson – 266.1 FTE	31,046,400	Opened 1926; capacity 1,679; Level I house parts of South Complex of former State Pris Second Vocational Village opened at this lo	sing units; d son of South cation. Federal GF/GP	eveloped from nern Michigan. 4,465,300
– Jackson – 266.1 FTE	31,046,400	Opened 1926; capacity 1,679; Level I house parts of South Complex of former State Pris Second Vocational Village opened at this long Funding Source(s):	sing units; descended of South Cation. Federal GF/GP 17 Ter facility's soners alorument Unit, evelopment reatment Prince of South Cathering Comment Comment Comment Prince of South Cathering Cat	eveloped from nern Michigan. 4,465,300 26,581,100 first warden; ng with other which serves al disabilities, rogram, which
– Jackson – 266.1 FTE positions Richard A. Handlon Correctional Facility – Ionia		Opened 1926; capacity 1,679; Level I house parts of South Complex of former State Pris Second Vocational Village opened at this low Funding Source(s): *Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2 Opened 1958; capacity 1,487; named af houses Level II general population pris prisoners placed in Social Skills Develop prisoners with limited life skills (e.g., dinstitutional histories), or in Residential Transerves prisoners with mental health needs	sing units; descended of South Cation. Federal GF/GP 17 Ter facility's soners alorument Unit, evelopment reatment Prince of South Cathering Comment Comment Comment Prince of South Cathering Cat	eveloped from nern Michigan. 4,465,300 26,581,100 first warden; ng with other which serves al disabilities, rogram, which
– Jackson – 266.1 FTE positions Richard A. Handlon Correctional Facility – Ionia		Opened 1926; capacity 1,679; Level I house parts of South Complex of former State Pris Second Vocational Village opened at this low Funding Source(s): Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2 Opened 1958; capacity 1,487; named af houses Level II general population pris prisoners placed in Social Skills Develop prisoners with limited life skills (e.g., dinstitutional histories), or in Residential Teserves prisoners with mental health needs opened at this location.	sing units; deson of South Scation. Federal GF/GP 17 Ster facility's soners alorement Unit, evelopment reatment Proceedings. First Voc. Federal GF/GP	eveloped from hern Michigan. 4,465,300 26,581,100 first warden; ag with other which serves al disabilities, rogram, which ational Village 4,282,000
- Jackson - 266.1 FTE positions Richard A. Handlon Correctional Facility - Ionia - 255.7 FTE positions Saginaw Correctional Facility - Freeland - 276.9		Opened 1926; capacity 1,679; Level I house parts of South Complex of former State Pris Second Vocational Village opened at this loward Funding Source(s): **Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2 Opened 1958; capacity 1,487; named af houses Level II general population prisprisoners placed in Social Skills Develop prisoners with limited life skills (e.g., dinstitutional histories), or in Residential Transerves prisoners with mental health needs opened at this location. Funding Source(s):	sing units; deson of South Scation. Federal GF/GP 17 Ster facility's soners alorement Unit, evelopment reatment Properties. First Voc. Federal GF/GP	eveloped from hern Michigan. 4,465,300 26,581,100 first warden; ng with other which serves al disabilities, rogram, which ational Village 4,282,000 28,452,500
- Jackson - 266.1 FTE positions Richard A. Handlon Correctional Facility - Ionia - 255.7 FTE positions Saginaw Correctional	32,734,500	Opened 1926; capacity 1,679; Level I house parts of South Complex of former State Pris Second Vocational Village opened at this long Funding Source(s): **Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2 Opened 1958; capacity 1,487; named afform houses Level II general population prisprisoners placed in Social Skills Develop prisoners with limited life skills (e.g., doinstitutional histories), or in Residential Transerves prisoners with mental health needs opened at this location. Funding Source(s): **Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 2 Opened 1993; capacity 1,488; Level I, Level II, Level III Level III Level III Level II Level I	sing units; deson of South Scation. Federal GF/GP 17 Ster facility's soners alorement Unit, evelopment reatment Properties. First Voc. Federal GF/GP	eveloped from hern Michigan. 4,465,300 26,581,100 first warden; ng with other which serves al disabilities, rogram, which ational Village 4,282,000 28,452,500

Special Alternative Incarceration Program – Cassidy Lake – 38.0 FTE positions	6,452,400	Opened 1988; capacity was 262, but due to under-utilization of the program by judges in more recent years, the program down sized and moved from Cassidy Lake to Cooper Street Correctional Facility in 2020; alternative incarceration program for probationers and prisoners and intensive reentry program for postrelease prisoners; serves men. Special alternative incarceration has three phases: Phase I: 90 days of military-style boot camp with additional programming in education, substance abuse awareness, basic life skills, and counseling; funded by this line item. Phase II: Optional based on assessed offender need; residential placement of up to 120 days in the community; funded largely through field operations and residential services appropriations. Phase III: Supervision in the community with at least the first 120 days as intensive supervision; funded through field operations. For postrelease prisoners, includes parole for 18 months or the balance of the minimum sentence, whichever is longer, with 4 months intensive supervision.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 664,800 Restricted 102,100 GF/GP 5,685,500
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217
St. Louis Correctional Facility – St. Louis – 306.6 FTE positions	40,087,200	Opened 1999; capacity 1,176; Level IV housing units; general population and administrative segregation; Adaptive Skills Residential Program unit, providing special programming for prisoners with significant limitations, such as developmental disabilities or chronic brain disorders.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 6,062,100 GF/GP 34,025,100
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217
Thumb Correctional Facility – Lapeer – 283.6 FTE positions	35,716,400	Opened 1987; capacity 1,206; formerly Level II and Level IV, converted to all Level II housing units in 2005; administrative segregation unit; houses adults and youth; youth are kept separate from adults; houses all male youth who are committed to MDOC under the Holmes Youthful Trainee Act.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 5,513,600 GF/GP 30,202,800
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217, 929
Womens Huron Valley Correctional Complex – Ypsilanti – 505.1 FTE positions	63,278,200	Opened 2009; capacity 2,233; state's only facility for female prisoners; Level I, Level II, and Level IV general population housing units; includes Residential Substance Abuse Treatment program, mental health treatment beds, acute care/infirmary beds, administration segregation beds, and a detention unit. Third Vocational Village opened at this location.
		Funding Source(s): Federal 8,451,700 GF/GP 54,826,500
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217, 910, 920

STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$955,641,700	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.
State restricted fees, revenues and reimbursements	102,100	Public works user fees paid by governmental units and nonprofit organizations utilizing offender public works crews from Special Alternative Incarceration (SAI) facility. Public works crews from non-SAI prison facilities supported through separate public works line item in Correctional Facilities Administration unit.
Local funds	9,405,600	Revenue from City of Detroit to support Detroit Detention Center.
DOJ, state criminal assistance program	1,034,800	Revenue from federal State Criminal Assistance Program partially reimburses states for costs of incarcerating certain foreign nationals convicted of criminal offenses. Supports Charles E. Egeler Correctional Facility line item.
Coronavirus relief fund	157,108,400	Federal revenue made available to support payroll costs for frontline essential workers. Supports all correctional facility line items.
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$1,123,292,600	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217, 239, 302, 304, 309, 312, 314, 315, 615, 901, 903, 907, 911, 912, 913, 920, 924, 925, 929, 930, 943, 944, 1009, 1011, 1013
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 22,160,700
Southern region administration and support – 68.0 FTE positions	22,160,700	Supports southern region office located in Jackson headed by assistant deputy director; administers various consolidated support functions, including regional administration, accounting, procurement, maintenance, warehousing, and quartermaster for correctional facilities located in mid to southern portion of the state. Funding included for utility costs at correctional facilities located in Ionia and Jackson.
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217, 239, 302, 304, 309, 312, 314, 315, 615, 901, 903, 907, 911, 912, 913, 920, 924, 925, 929, 930, 943, 944, 1009, 1011, 1013
		Funding Source(s): GF/GP 4,501,700
Northern region administration and support – 43.0 FTE positions	4,501,700	Supports northern region office located in Kincheloe headed by assistant deputy director; administers various consolidated support functions, including regional administration, accounting, procurement, maintenance, warehousing, and quartermaster for all correctional facilities located in Upper Peninsula and upper Lower Peninsula.
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 206, 217, 308
		Funding Source(s): Federal 5,682,700 GF/GP 32,014,200
Woodland Correctional Facility – Whitmore Lake – 277.9 FTE positions	37,696,900	Opened 2009; capacity 377; converted from a juvenile facility that was formerly operated by DHHS; Level I and Level IV housing units; houses prisoners with serious mental illness who cannot function adequately in a general population prison; mental health services include acute care, rehabilitation treatment services, and crisis stabilization.

SECTION 108: INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

This appropriation unit provides funding for data processing and computer services formerly provided in various program line items in the 1,5budget. Through an interdepartmental grant, this funding supports services now administered by the Department of Technology, Management, and Budget (DTMB) for MDOC.

Information technology services and projects	\$31,184,200	Data processing and computer services for MDOC provided by DTMB; payments support both DTMB information technology staff and information technology services purchased through DTMB from third-party vendors.		
		Funding Source(s): Restricted 1,349,600 GF/GP 29,834,600		
		Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202, 219		
GROSS APPROPRIATION	\$31,184,200	Total of all applicable line item appropriations.		
Correctional industries revolving fund 110	182,000	Revenue from sale of Michigan State Industries products and services.		
Program and special equipment fund	452,800	Revenue generated through an additional charge on prisoner telephone calls under prison telephone contract.		
Supervision fees set-aside	714,800	Statute requires 20% of oversight fee collections to be set aside for enhanced services.		
STATE GENERAL FUND/ GENERAL PURPOSE	\$29,834,600	Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources.		

SECTION 109: ONE-TIME APPROPRIATIONS

This appropriation unit contains FY 2020-21 appropriations that are intended by the legislature to be onetime allocations and may not be reauthorized in future years.

John Does v MDOC settlement agreement

\$15,000,000 Funding for the second payment to be made on October 15, 2020 as agreed to in the John Does v Department of Corrections settlement. The case involved approximately 1,300 members that were incarcerated October 2010 through the date of the settlement. The lawsuits claimed a variety of injuries, including sexual assault and harassment, inappropriate use of segregation, and deprivation of educational and rehabilitative experiences due to the young age of the members. The case settled for \$80.0 million total inclusive of attorney fees and costs. The first payment of \$25.0 was made in February 2020 and the remaining payments will be made on October 15, 2021 (\$25.0 million) and on October 15, 2022 (\$15.0 million).

> Funding Source(s): GF/GP 15,000,000

Related Boilerplate Section(s): 202

GROSS APPROPRIATION \$15,000,000 Total of all applicable line item appropriations. **STATE GENERAL FUND/** \$15,000,000 Unrestricted state revenue from taxes and other sources. **GENERAL PURPOSE**

A specific listing of boilerplate sections deemed unenforceable was not provided. Rather, the governor's signing letter generally stated that sections violating the following provisions of the Michigan Constitution are unenforceable:

- Article 3, Section 2: Separation of Powers of Government
- Article 4, Section 22 and Article 4, Section 33: An attempt to authorize legislation other than by bill
- Article 4, Section 24: No law shall embrace more than one object, which shall be expressed in its title
- Article 4, Section 25: Amendment by reference
- Article 4, Section 53: Duties of the Auditor General
- Article 5, Section 28: Duties of the State Transportation Commission

Where a specific section was provided as an example in the signing letter, it is noted in the boilerplate section description below. This document will be updated upon the receipt of a more comprehensive list of unenforceable boilerplate sections.

GENERAL SECTIONS

Sec. 201. State Spending and State Appropriations Paid to Local Units of Government

Estimates total state spending from state sources and payments to be made to local units of government.

Sec. 202. Appropriations Subject to Management and Budget Act

Subjects appropriations to the Management and Budget Act, 1984 PA 431.

Sec. 203. Terms and Acronyms

Defines various terms and acronyms contained in appropriations act.

Sec. 204. Internet Availability of Required Reports

Requires MDOC to use the internet to fulfill reporting requirements; authorizes transmission of reports via e-mail.

Sec. 205. Purchase of Foreign Goods

Prohibits purchase of foreign goods or services if competitively priced and of comparable quality American goods or services are available; requires preference to be given to goods and services manufactured or provided by Michigan businesses and Michigan businesses owned and operated by veterans.

Sec. 206. Disciplinary Action Against State Employees and Prisoners

Prohibits MDOC from taking disciplinary action against classified civil service employees or prisoners for communicating with legislators or their staff unless the communication is prohibited by law and MDOC is exercising its authority.

Sec. 207. Out-of-State Travel

Requires MDOC to report on out-of-state travel expenses in the previous fiscal year that were paid for, in whole or in part, with state appropriations.

Sec. 208. Use of Funding for Legal Services

Prohibits using appropriations to hire a person to provide legal services that are the responsibility of the attorney general; prohibition does not apply to legal services for bonding activities or to services authorized by attorney general.

Sec. 209. General Fund Lapses

Requires State Budget Office (SBO) to report on estimates of general fund lapses by major program or program areas at close of fiscal year.

Sec. 210. Contingency Funding

Appropriates up to \$2.5 million in federal contingency funds; authorizes expenditure of funds after legislative transfer to specific line items.

Sec. 211. Transparency Website

Requires MDOC to maintain a searchable website accessible by the public that includes all expenditures made by MDOC, vendor payments made, number of active employees, job specifications, and wage rates.

Sec. 212. Report on State Restricted Funds

Requires MDOC to work with SBO to report on estimated state restricted fund balances, state restricted fund projected revenues, and state restricted fund expenditures.

Sec. 213. Website for Performance Scorecard

Requires MDOC to maintain, on a publicly accessible website, a scorecard that identifies, tracks, and regularly updates key metrics used to monitor and improve department's performance.

Sec. 214. Legacy Costs

States the total amount of funding estimated to be expended on legacy costs in FY 2020-21 is \$326.0 million (\$156.4 million on pension-related legacy costs; \$169.6 million on health care-related legacy costs).

Sec. 215. Businesses in Deprived and Depressed Communities Compete for Contracts

Requires MDOC director, to the extent possible, to take all reasonable steps to ensure businesses in deprived and depressed communities compete for and perform contracts; requires MDOC director to strongly encourage firms with which the department contracts to subcontract with certified businesses in deprived and depressed communities.

Sec. 216. FTE Positions, Long-Term Vacancies, and Remote Work

Requires MDOC to report on number of FTE positions in pay status by civil service classification, including an accounting of all vacant positions, all vacant and filled corrections officer positions by facility, all vacant healthcare-related positions, and all vacant positions being held open for temporarily non-active employees; requires report on number of full-time positions authorized compared to actual number employed by line item, number of employees authorized to work remotely and number of employees working remotely, estimated cost savings achieved by remote work, and reduced use of office space associated with remote work.

Sec. 217. Coronavirus Relief Fund Appropriations

Unappropriates any Coronavirus Relief Fund appropriations for which expenditures have not been incurred as of December 30 and reappropriates them for deposit into Unemployment Compensation Fund to support costs incurred due to COVID-19 pandemic.

Sec. 218. State Administrative Board Transfers

Authorizes the legislature, by a concurrent resolution adopted by a majority of members elected to and serving in each house, to inter-transfer funds if State Administrative Board transfers funds.

Sec. 219. Prison Telephone Contract and Program and Special Equipment Fund

Requires prisoner telephone service contract to contain a condition that prisoner telephone fees be the same as those applying outside of institutions, except for surcharges needed to meet program and special equipment costs; requires revenue to be used for prisoner programming, special equipment, and security projects; authorizes carry forward of unexpended revenue; requires report on revenues and expenditures.

Sec. 220. Authority to Collect Certain Reimbursements

Authorizes MDOC to collect various reimbursements to cover associated expenses for offender services and programming, employee meals, parolee loans, academic and vocational services, custody escorts, compassionate visits, union steward activities, and public works programs and services; appropriates revenues and fees collected.

Sec. 221. Receipt and Retention of Reports

Requires MDOC to follow federal and state guidelines for short-term and long-term retention of records; authorizes MDOC to electronically retain copies of reports unless otherwise required by federal and state guidelines.

Sec. 222. Report on Policy Changes Made to Implement Public Acts

Requires MDOC to report on each specific policy change made by the department to implement a public act affecting the department.

Sec. 225. Expending Available Work Project Authorization

Prohibits appropriations that have unexpended work project authorization associated with them, to the extent possible, from being expended until all existing work project authorization for the same purpose is exhausted.

Sec. 239. Management-to-Staff Ratio

Expresses legislative intent that MDOC maintain a management-to-staff ratio of 1 supervisor to 8 employees at central office in Lansing and at northern and southern region administration offices.

Sec. 247. Compilation of Data for Swift and Sure Sanctions Program

Requires MDOC to provide the State Court Administrative Office with data sufficient to administer Swift and Sure Sanctions program.

Sec. 248. Consensus Revenue Estimating Conference (CREC)

Requires Senate and House Fiscal Agencies and State Budget Director, or State Treasurer, to establish a projected prisoner population, and a projected number of available beds based on prisoner population, at May 2021 CREC.

DEPARTMENTAL ADMINISTRATION AND SUPPORT

Sec. 301. Offender Tracking Information System

Requires felony offender files to be maintained and publicly accessible for 3 years after offenders are released from MDOC jurisdiction; requires immediate removal of offender files upon determination of wrongful convictions.

Sec. 302. Staff Retention Strategies

Requires MDOC to report on staff retention strategies, including how to improve employee engagement, how to improve employee wellness, how to offer additional training and professional development, metrics used by MDOC to measure success of employee wellness programming, mechanisms by which to receive employee feedback, how MDOC considers suggestions made by employees, and steps taken and future plans for retention and improving employee wellness; requires MDOC to establish a Staff Recruitment and Retention Advisory Board to assist department with shaping and enhancing effectiveness of staff recruiting and retention strategies; requires a status report on establishing Staff Recruitment and Retention Advisory Board and on board's initial plans.

Sec. 303. Staff Departures

Requires MDOC to report on employee departures, including number of corrections officers and number of years they worked for department; requires report to include chart showing distribution of employee departures based on specified ranges of years of service, summary of primary reasons for departures by ranges of years of service, and distinction between employee departures by recruits in-training at academy, recruits in-training at facility, and employees who have been on the job.

Sec. 304. Staff Suggestions

Requires MDOC to maintain a staff savings initiative program for employees to submit suggestions for efficiencies for the department; requires MDOC to consider suggestions in a timely manner; requires report on process improvements made based on suggestions.

Sec. 305. Prosecutorial and Detainer Expenses

Requires MDOC to reimburse counties for housing and custody of parole violators and offenders returned to MDOC from community placement.

Sec. 306. Sheriffs' Coordinating and Training Office

Lists allowable uses of funding appropriated for Sheriffs' Coordinating and Training Office (e.g., defray costs of continuing education, certification, recertification, decertification, training of local corrections officers, personnel and administrative costs, local advisory boards).

Sec. 307. Vendor Contracts

Requires MDOC to report on all vendor contracts with a value of \$500,000 or more, including contract start and expiration dates, contract compliance monitoring site visits completed by department, and number and amount of fines for service-level agreement noncompliance, broken down by area of noncompliance.

Sec. 308. Mental Health Awareness Training

Requires MDOC to provide training for all custody staff who handle prisoners with mental illness; requires mental health awareness training to be incorporated into training of new custody staff.

Sec. 309. Maintenance and Utility Costs at Facilities

Requires MDOC to report on maintenance and utility costs and plans for capital improvement costs for each correctional facility; for facilities closed prior to November 1, 2018, requires a list of costs associated with maintenance and upkeep of closed facilities, by facility, and estimated costs of demolition of closed facilities.

Sec. 310. Strategic Plan Reporting

Requires MDOC to report on progress made in achieving strategic plan of department, updates on strategic plan objectives, key stats and information about department's efforts to decrease recidivism rate and to promote offender success.

Sec. 311. Michigan State Industries Program

Requires MDOC to report on Michigan State Industries program, including locations of programs, number of participants, descriptions of job duties, prisoner schedules, products produced, and how programs provide marketable skills leading to employable outcomes once prisoners are released.

Sec. 312. PTSD Outreach and Employee Wellness

Requires appropriation to be used for PTSD outreach, treating mental health issues, and providing mental health programming for all department staff; requires \$50,000 to be used for conducting comprehensive follow-up study to initial study conducted in FY 2018-19; requires MDOC to report on results of the study and on programs established, level of employee involvement, and expenditures made for employee wellness programming.

Sec. 313. New Employee Schools

Requires MDOC to report on new employee schools, including number of schools that took place and location of each, number of recruits that started, number of recruits that graduated, and MDOC strategies to achieve a 5% or lower target corrections officer vacancy rate.

Sec. 314. Staff Overtime Hours

Requires MDOC to report on number of overtime hours worked by all custody staff, by facility, including number of mandatory overtime hours worked, number of voluntary overtime hours worked, reasons for overtime hours worked, and average number of overtime hours worked by active employees.

Sec. 315. 12-Hour Shifts for Corrections Officers

Requires MDOC to conduct a survey of corrections officers at all facilities on whether officers want to have 12-hour shifts implemented; requires MDOC to report on results of the survey.

Sec. 316. New Custody Staff Training

Requires MDOC to target new custody staff training at hiring a minimum of 700 corrections officers to address higher than normal attrition and to decrease overtime costs.

Sec. 317. New Corrections Officer Training Academy

Requires MDOC to report on status of new training academy, including a listing of all structures and amenities on-site and expenditure data associated with structures and amenities on-site; lists all amenities the legislature intends for the new academy to have; requires a report on the projected cost of amenities that are listed but not included on-site; requires MDOC to name facility and to solicit site name ideas from staff.

Sec. 318. Professional Development and Training for Staff

Requires MDOC to report on programs that offer professional development and training opportunities for all levels of custody supervisors and first line managers, including an overview of existing programs, and a review of similar programs available in other organizations and in other states.

OFFENDER SUCCESS ADMINISTRATION

Sec. 401. Prison Population Projections

Requires MDOC to issue 3- and 5-year prison population projection updates, including explanations of methodology and assumptions used in developing projection updates.

Sec. 402. Offender Success Expenditures

Requires MDOC to report on actual prior-year and planned current-year offender success expenditures and allocations.

Sec. 403. Partnering for Providing Offender Success Services

Requires MDOC to partner with nonprofit faith-based, business and professional, civic, and community organizations for purpose of providing inmate offender success services.

Sec. 404. Matching Parolees with Potential Employers

Requires MDOC to ensure, when possible, that all prisoners have potential employer matches in communities to which they will return, prior to each prisoner's initial parole hearing.

Sec. 405. Substance Abuse Testing and Treatment

Requires MDOC to report on expenditures for substance abuse testing and treatment services, program objectives, outcome measures, and results, including impact on offender and programmatic success.

Sec. 407. Annual Statistical Reports

Requires MDOC to place annual statistical reports online that contain court disposition, prison commitment, prison population, and other corrections data and information.

Sec. 408. Recidivism Measurement

Requires MDOC to measure recidivism rates of offenders.

Sec. 409. Workforce Development Program

Requires MDOC to work with Department of Labor and Economic Opportunity and local entities to design services and offender success vocational education programs for prisoners in an effort to encourage employment of prisoners upon release from prison; requires report on results of workforce development program.

Sec. 410. Community Corrections Comprehensive Plans and Services

Specifies purpose of and requirements for community corrections comprehensive plans (e.g., reduce admissions to prisons, improve utilization of jail facilities, contribute to offender success); lists award criteria for community corrections planning and residential services funds (e.g., trends in prison commitment rates, jail utilization, community corrections program capacity and utilization; impact and outcome of policies and procedures of programs on offender success); limits residential services per diem reimbursement rate to \$55.50; lists allowable uses of program funding for Drunk Driver Jail Reduction and Community Treatment Program (e.g., reimbursing counties for transportation, treatment costs, housing felony drunk drivers during period of assessment for treatment and case planning); provides for reimbursement for housing at a rate of \$43.50 per day per offender for up to five days.

Sec. 411. Comprehensive Corrections Plans

Establishes further requirements for comprehensive corrections plans, such as information on sanctions and services available and utilized, local communities' plans to respond to sentencing guidelines, and strategies to collaborate with state and local alcohol and drug treatment agencies.

Sec. 412. Community Corrections Biannual Report

Specifies details to be included in biannual report required by Community Corrections Act, 1988 PA 511 (e.g., levels of funding, program utilization levels, profile information of offenders, data on residential services, offender disposition data).

Sec. 413. Public Safety Initiative

Requires Genesee County law enforcement agency to report on expenditures made from appropriation; requires report to include purpose for which expenditures were made, amounts of expenditures by purpose, specific services provided, and number of individuals served; authorizes Senate and House Subcommittees on Corrections to request Genesee County law enforcement agency to appear before subcommittees to discuss report.

Sec. 414. County Jail Reimbursement Program

Requires MDOC to administer County Jail Reimbursement Program, which offers counties per diem payments for housing certain offenders in jail; specifies reimbursement criteria and rates; requires counties receiving funding to report on annual average jail capacity and annual average jail occupancy; makes counties ineligible to receive reimbursement if they enact or enforce any laws, ordinances, policies, or rules that limit or prohibit peace or police officers, local officials, or employees from communicating or cooperating with appropriate federal officials concerning the immigration status of individuals in the state; requires MDOC to report on number of inmates sentenced to custody of the sheriff and eligible for the county jail reimbursement program, amount paid to counties, number of days inmates were in custody by specified category, amount paid by specified category of inmate, number of days inmates were in custody by specified category, and estimated cost of housing inmates sentenced to custody of the sheriff and eligible for the county jail reimbursement program as inmates of a state prison.

Sec. 417. Reports on Community Programs

Requires MDOC to report on program objectives and outcome measures, number of offenders completing program, number of offenders successfully remaining in community 3 years following completion, expenditures, impact on jail utilization, impact on prison admission, and other relevant information on the Drunk Driver Jail Reduction and Community Treatment Program and on any new initiatives aimed at controlling prison population growth.

Sec. 418. State Identification/Birth Certificates/Military Documents for Returning Prisoners

Requires MDOC to collaborate with other state entities to develop processes to assist prisoners in obtaining state identification, birth certificates, and military documents if applicable.

Sec. 419. Offender Data Reports - PARTIALLY UNENFORCEABLE

Requires MDOC to provide weekly electronic mail reports on prisoner populations by security level by facility, prison facility capacities, and parolee and probationer populations; requires MDOC to provide monthly electronic mail reports on end-of-the month prisoner, probationer, and parolee populations, operating capacities at facilities, number of in currently closed housing units by facility, populations in county jails, prisoner intakes, returns, and exits, prisoners classified as past their earliest release dates, and parole board activity. (Governor declared requirement to provide weekly electronic mail reports as unenforceable.)

Sec. 422. Prisoners Reviewed for Parole

Requires MDOC to report on outcomes of prisoners reviewed for parole, including number of prisoners reviewed; number granted or denied parole; number of decisions deferred; number of times prisoners were reviewed before being granted or denied parole; number of paroles granted, denied, or deferred for each of the parole guideline scores of low, average, and high; reasons for parole denial or deferment.

Sec. 423. Michigan Restaurant Association - Job Placement

Requires MDOC to collaborate with Michigan Restaurant Association on job placement for individuals on probation and parole.

Sec. 425. Medication-Assisted Treatment Offender Success Pilot Programs

Requires MDOC to establish medication-assisted treatment offender success pilot programs to provide prerelease treatment and postrelease referral for opioid- and alcohol-addicted offenders; requires MDOC to collaborate with residential and nonresidential substance abuse treatment providers and with community-based clinics to provide postrelease treatment; authorizes manufacturer to provide MDOC with samples of medication at no cost to department; requires MDOC to provide participating offenders with one injection prior to release from custody and to connect offenders with aftercare plan; requires program participants to attend substance abuse treatment programming and subjects them to routine drug and alcohol testing; requires MDOC to report follow-up information on offenders who receive injections.

Sec. 426. Mental Health Services for Prisoners Upon Release

Requires MDOC to ensure prisoners with diagnosed mental illness are referred to local mental health care providers for treatment upon release from prison; requires MDOC to ensure local providers are able and willing to treat prisoners and to inform providers of prisoners' treatment plans, including medications.

Sec. 437. Goodwill Flip the Script

Requires MDOC to contract with a nonprofit entity in a county with greater than 1.5 million people to provide persons aged 16-39 with education, job training, and mentoring in an effort to keep them out of prison; requires program to target individuals entering criminal justice system for first or second time; requires report on program performance measures, number of individuals diverted from incarceration, number of individuals served, and outcomes of participants completing program.

FIELD OPERATIONS ADMINISTRATION

Sec. 602. Electronic Monitoring Contracts

Expresses intent of the legislature that MDOC not extend any contracts for electronic monitoring devices, and that a complete review of all providers and technology be conducted to determine efficacy.

Sec. 603. Curfew Monitoring Program Costs

Requires MDOC to administer curfew monitoring program intended to reduce prison admissions and improve jail utilization; requires MDOC to provide counties with curfew monitoring equipment and administrative oversight for a fee; prohibits access to program for counties with outstanding charges over 60 days.

Sec. 604. Criminal Justice Reinvestment

Requires funding for criminal justice reinvestment to be used for data collection and evidence-based programs designed to reduce recidivism among probationers and parolees; allocates \$600,000 to an organization that provides programming and job training services to county jail inmates to prepare them for employment upon release from jail.

Sec. 605. Chance for Life Program

Requires MDOC to allocate \$250,000 to issue a request for proposal for a vendor to provide evidence-based mentoring, employment soft skills training, and job placement assistance for offenders released from prison.

Sec. 611. Annual Program Reports

Specifies content to be included in reports by MDOC on residential reentry, electronic monitoring, and special alternative incarceration programs (e.g., successful and unsuccessful terminations, end of month populations, length of placements, returns to prison, cost effectiveness of programs).

Sec. 612. Violators of Parole and Probation

Requires MDOC to review and revise proposals for alternatives to prison for technical violators of parole and probation; requires report on number of probationers and parolees returned to or sent to prison for new crimes, number of probationers and parolees returned to or sent to prison for technical violations, educational history of offenders, number of offenders who participated in reentry programs, and number of offenders who participated in substance abuse treatment programs, mental health programs, or both.

Sec. 613. Placement of Parolees with Chronic Technical Violations

Requires MDOC to give priority to placing parolees with chronic technical violations in intensive detention programs that offer specific programming to address behavioral needs and to work on a plan to help assure success of parolees upon release.

Sec. 615. Inmates Sentenced to Life with Possibility of Parole

Requires MDOC to report on number of prisoners who have received life sentences with possibility of parole and who are currently eligible for parole; lists specific information to be included in report.

Sec. 617. Residential Alternative to Prison Program

Requires MDOC to provide vocational, educational, and cognitive programming in a secure environment to enhance existing alternative sentencing options, increase employment readiness and successful placement rates, and reduce new criminal behavior for West Michigan probation violator population.

HEALTH CARE

Sec. 802. Health Care Timeliness and Expenditures

Requires MDOC to report on expenditures, allocations, status of payments, and projected expenditures from accounts for prisoner health care, mental health care, pharmaceutical services, and durable medical equipment; requires a report on pharmaceutical prescribing practices, including a detailed accounting of expenditures on antipsychotic medications and any changes made to prescription drug formularies.

Sec. 803. Standard Medical Release Form

Requires MDOC to give all prisoners the opportunity to sign a medical release of information form, effective for one year, designating a family member or other individual to whom MDOC is authorized to release information; requires MDOC to assure forms follow prisoners if and when they are transferred to other facilities or released from prison.

Sec. 804. Health Care Utilization Reports

Requires MDOC to report on prisoner health care utilization, including number of inpatient hospital days, outpatient visits, emergency room visits, and prisoners receiving off-site in-patient medical care.

Sec. 807. Hepatitis C

Requires funding for Hepatitis C to be used for purchase of specialty medication for treatment of Hepatitis C; requires report on amount spent on specialty medication, number of prisoners treated, amount of rebates received, and outstanding rebates expected to be received.

Sec. 812. Medicaid Utilization by Prisoners

Requires MDOC and DHHS to exchange information regarding newly committed prisoners who may be Medicaideligible; requires MDOC to assist outgoing prisoners with Medicaid enrollment; requires report on utilization of Medicaid benefits for prisoners.

CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES ADMINISTRATION

Sec. 901. Enhanced Food Technology Program

Requires MDOC to expand food technology education program to at least 700 inmates annually; requires inmates participating in program to complete 408 hours of on-the-job training in a prison kitchen.

Sec. 902. Notification of Elimination of Prisoner Programming

Requires MDOC to provide notice of plans to eliminate programming for prisoners at least 1 month prior to program elimination and defines "programming for prisoners".

Sec. 903. Food Service Reporting

Requires MDOC to report, by facility, on average per-meal costs, including actual food costs, total compensation for all food service workers, including benefits and legacy costs, inspection and compliance costs, and contract and sanitation violation information.

Sec. 904. Cost Per Prisoner Per Day

Requires MDOC to report on per prisoner/per day costs for each prisoner security custody level, including actual direct and indirect costs, and allocation of statewide legacy costs.

Sec. 906. Public Works Program

Requires local governments and non-profit private organizations contracting with MDOC for public works services to be responsible for financing entire cost of services.

Sec. 907. Academic and Vocational Programs for Prisoners

Requires MDOC to report on academic and vocational programs, including number of instructors and instructor vacancies; number of prisoners enrolled in, completing, transferring from, and repeating each program; number of prisoners on waiting lists for programs; number of prisoners parolled without high school diplomas; explanation of value and purpose of each program; program outcomes for each program; number of prisoners not parolled at their earliest release dates due to lack of high school equivalency.

Sec. 908. Online High School Diploma and Career Certificate Program

Authorizes MDOC to establish a pilot online high school diploma and career certificate program to serve up to 400 inmates through a provider that offers career-based online high school diplomas designed to prepare adult inmates for transition into the workplace.

Sec. 910. Braille Program

Requires MDOC to allow Michigan Braille Transcribing Fund program to operate at G. Robert Cotton and Womens Huron Valley Correctional Facilities.

Sec. 911. Critical Incidents in Prisons

Requires MDOC to report on number of critical incidents occurring each month by type, number, and severity of assaults, escape attempts, suicides, and attempted suicides at each prison facility.

Sec. 912. Institutional Staffing

Requires MDOC to report on ratios of corrections officers to prisoners, shift command staff to line custody staff, and noncustody institutional staff to prisoners for each correctional institution.

Sec. 913. Enrollment in and Completion of Various Programming

Expresses legislative intent that prisoners who are required to complete sex offender, assaultive offender, violent offender, and Thinking for Change programming as a condition of parole be transferred to facilities where programming is available; requires MDOC to report on enrollment and completion of sex offender, assaultive offender, violent offender, and Thinking for Change programming, and on plans to address waiting lists for these programs.

Sec. 920. Female Prisoner Labor and Delivery

Requires MDOC to allow female prisoners to have one visitor present during labor and delivery; requires visitors to be immediate family members, legal guardians, spouses, or domestic partners; authorizes MDOC to deny access to visitors if there are safety concerns; authorizes MDOC to conduct criminal background checks on visitors.

Sec. 924. Evaluation and Placement of Prisoners with Mental Illness

Requires MDOC to evaluate all prisoners at intake for substance abuse disorders, serious developmental disorders, serious mental illness, and other mental health disorders; prohibits removal of prisoners with serious mental illness or serious developmental disorders from general population as a punitive response to their behavior; authorizes prisoners with serious mental illness or serious developmental disorders to be placed in secure residential housing programs that facilitate access to institutional programming and ongoing mental health services; requires evaluation or monitoring of these prisoners by a medical professional not less than every 12 hours.

Sec. 925. Administrative Segregation Report

Requires MDOC to report on use of administrative segregation for prisoners with serious mental illness or developmental disorders, including number of days each prisoner was confined to administrative segregation.

Sec. 929. Youthful Offenders

Requires MDOC to ensure adequate training for staff who are in contact with prisoners less than 18 years of age; requires MDOC to report on training curriculum used and number and types of staff receiving training; requires MDOC to provide appropriate placement for prisoners less than 18 years of age who have serious mental illness, serious emotional disturbance, or serious developmental disorders and need to be housed separately from general population; prohibits removal of prisoners less than 18 years of age with serious mental illness, serious emotional disturbance, or serious developmental disorders from general population as a punitive response to their behavior; authorizes prisoners less than 18 years of age with serious mental illness, serious emotional disturbance, or serious developmental disorders to be placed in secure residential housing programs that facilitate access to institutional programming and ongoing mental health services; requires evaluation or monitoring of these prisoners by a medical professional not less than every 12 hours; requires MDOC to implement a specialized reentry program that recognizes needs of prisoners less than 18 years old for supervised reentry.

Sec. 930. Youths in Prison

Requires MDOC to report on number of youths in prison, including number of prisoners under age 18 not on HYTA status, number of prisoners under age 18 on HYTA status, and number of prisoners aged 18-23 on HYTA status. (HYTA refers to youth assigned under the Holmes Youthful Trainee Act.)

Sec. 940. Use of State-Owned Facilities

Requires for-profit entities using state-owned facilities to pay fair market value for use of facilities and to make payments in lieu of taxes to local jurisdictions equivalent to what local units would receive if facilities were privately owned.

Sec. 942. Auditor General and Corrections Ombudsman Access to Contracted Facilities

Requires any contract with a public or private party to operate a facility to house Michigan prisoners to include a provision allowing access to facility and appropriate records by Auditor General and Legislative Corrections Ombudsman.

Sec. 943. Savings from Prison Closures

Requires MDOC to report on actual and projected savings achieved by closing correctional facilities, starting with closure of Pugsley Correctional Facility, which closed in September 2016.

Sec. 944. Economic Impact of Prison Closures

Requires MDOC, when planning to close a correction facility, to consider potential economic impact of prison closure on community where facility is located.

Sec. 945. Notification of Facility Closures, Consolidations, or Relocations

Requires MDOC to provide notice of plans to close, consolidate, or relocate any correctional facility in the state at least 1 month prior to the effective date of the closure, consolidation, or relocation.

Sec. 946. Investment in Communities After Facility Closure

Expresses intent of the legislature that MDOC consult with the legislature and other appropriate state agencies to develop a framework to provide investment in communities that have formerly operational state correctional facilities that have been closed; requires framework to include plans to ensure that vacant state correctional facilities do not become a nuisance or danger to the community.

MISCELLANEOUS

Sec. 1009. Information Packet for Prisoner Families

Requires MDOC to make an information packet for families of incoming prisoners available on MDOC website; specifies information to be included in packet (e.g., prisoner accounts, phone calls, email accounts, visiting, filing complaints or grievances, accessing physical and mental health care, parole process); requires information packet to be updated annually.

Sec. 1011. Religious Cable Programming

Authorizes MDOC to accept in-kind services and equipment donations to facilitate addition of a cable network that provides religious programming for prisoners; prohibits addition of channels from costing the state.

Sec. 1013. Faith-Based Reentry Programs

Authorizes priority to be given to funding reentry or rehabilitation programs that have been demonstrated to reduce prison violence and recidivism, including faith-based initiatives.



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AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY

Agriculture and Rural Development	William E. Hamilton
Attorney General	Michael Cnossen
Auditor General	Benjamin Gielczyk
Bill Analysis	
	enny McInerney; Emily Smith; Sue Stutzky
Capital Outlay	
Civil Rights	
Community Colleges	Perry Zielak
Corrections	Robin R. Risko
Economic and Revenue Forecasting	Jim Stansell
Education (Department)	Samuel Christensen
Environment, Great Lakes, and Energy	Austin Scott
Executive Office	
Fiscal Oversight, Audit, and Litigation	Mary Ann Cleary
Health and Human Services:	
Child Welfare, Child Support, Community Services	
Medicaid, Physical and Behavioral Health Public Assistance, Field Operations, Medicaid-bac	
Public Health and Aging	
Higher Education	
Insurance and Financial Services	-
Judiciary	
Labor and Economic Opportunity	
Legislature	
Licensing and Regulatory Affairs	
Local Finance	
Lottery	
Michigan Strategic Fund	Benjamin Gielczyk
Military and Veterans Affairs	-
Natural Resources	Austin Scott
Natural Resources Trust Fund	Austin Scott
Retirement	Benjamin Gielczyk
Revenue Forecasting	Jim Stansell
Revenue Sharing	Jim Stansell; Benjamin Gielczyk
School Aid	Samuel Christensen; Jacqueline Mullen
State (Department)	Michael Cnossen
State Police	Marcus Coffin
Supplemental Coordinator	Robin R. Risko
Tax Analysis	Jim Stansell; Benjamin Gielczyk
Technology, Management, and Budget	Michael Cnossen
Transfer Coordinator	Viola Bay Wild
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